

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 16-Apr-2012

Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

Revision Number 9

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	Pyrrolidine_
Cat No. :	P/8140/PB05
Synonyms	Azacyclopentane
CAS No	123-75-1
EC No	204-648-7
Molecular Formula	C4 H9 N
REACH registration number	-

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial	
Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals	
Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent	
Environmental release category Uses advised against ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of inter No Information available	rmediates)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166 Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Pyrrolidine

Flammable liquids

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and
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Category 4 (H302) Category 4 (H332) Category 1 A (H314) Category 1 (H318)

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				UK SI 2020/1567
Pyrrolidine	123-75-1	EEC No. 204-648-7	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Corr. 1A (H314)
				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H332)

REACH registration number

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If possible drink milk afterwards.
Inhalation	Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Immediate medical attention is required.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
	Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form

Pyrrolidine

explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe dust. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from direct sunlight. Flammables area. Keep under nitrogen.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

Pyrrolidine

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s):

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

Workers; See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Pyrrolidine 123-75-1 (>95)			DNEL = 8.4mg/m ³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Pyrrolidine	PNEC = 0.039mg/L	PNEC = 0.42mg/kg	PNEC = 0.39mg/L	PNEC = 10mg/L	PNEC =
123-75-1 (>95)		sediment dw			0.0456mg/kg soil
					dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Pyrrolidine 123-75-1 (>95)	PNEC = 0.0039mg/L	PNEC = 0.04mg/kg sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Tight sealing safety goggles and Face protection shield (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Nitrile rubber Neoprene Butyl rubber	Breakthrough time > 30 minutes	Glove thickness -	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Skin and body protec	tion Wear ap	propriate protective	gloves and clothing to	prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Pyrrolidine

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Inorganic gases and vapours filter Type B Grey Ammonia and organic ammonia derivatives filter Type K Green conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance	Colorless	
Odor Odor Threehold	Rotten-egg like	
Odor Threshold	No data available -63 °C / -81.4 °F	
Melting Point/Range	No data available	
Softening Point Boiling Point/Range	86 - 88 °C / 186.8 - 190.4 °F	@ 760 mmHa
Flammability (liquid)	Highly flammable	@ 760 mmHg On basis of test data
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 1.6 vol%	Liquid
Explosion Linits	Upper 10.6 vol%	
Flash Point	3 °C / 37.4 °F	Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	345 °C / 653 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	400 °C	
pH	12.9	1000 g/l aq.sol
Viscosity	0.94 mPa s at 20 °C	1000 g/1 dq.301
Water Solubility	Completely soluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat		
Component	log Pow	
Pyrrolidine	0.22	
Vapor Pressure	65 mbar @ 20 °C	
Density / Specific Gravity	0.866	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	2.45 (Air = 1.0)	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	C4 H9 N	
ESUD9140		

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Molecular Weight Explosive Properties

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available			
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.			
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	tions			
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. No information available.			
10.4. Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials	Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes. Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to light. Incompatible products.			
	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Acid anhydrides. Acid chlorides. Metals. copper. Carbon dioxide (CO2).			

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

71.11

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity; Oral Dermal Inhalation	Category 4 Based on available data, the c Category 4	lassification criteria are not met	
Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Pyrrolidine	300 mg/kg (Rat) 430 mg/kg(Rat)	-	11.7 mg/L/4h (Rat)
(b) skin corrosion/irritation; (c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1 A		
(c) senous eye damayen mation,			
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory Skin	Based on available data, the c	lassification criteria are not met lassification criteria are not met	
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
	Not mutagenic in AMES Test		

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There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Target Organs	None known.
(j) aspiration hazard;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for complete information
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
11.2. Information on other hazards	

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Pyrrolidine

Ecotoxicity effects

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Pyrrolidine	LC50 115 mg/L 96h	EC50 636 mg/L 48h	EC50 36 mg/L 72h

 12.2. Persistence and degradability
 Readily biodegradable

 Persistence
 Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Pyrrolidine	0.22	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soilThe product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all
surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in
air.12.5. Results of PBT and vPvBSubstance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

assessment

Pyrrolidine

<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u>		
properties		
Endocrine Disruptor Information		

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effectsPersistent Organic PollutantThis product ofOzone Depletion PotentialThis product of

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with high pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN1922
14.2. UN proper shipping name	PYRROLIDINE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
14.4. Packing group	II

<u>ADR</u>

14.1. UN number_	UN1922
14.2. UN proper shipping name	PYRROLIDINE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
14.4. Packing group	II

<u>IATA</u>

<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN1922
14.2. UN proper shipping name	PYRROLIDINE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
14.4. Packing group	II

Pyrrolidine

No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods

according to IMO instruments

14.5. Environmental hazards

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Pyrrolidine	123-75-1	204-648-7	-	-	Х	Х	-	Х	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA		ventory ation -	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
			Active-	Inactive					
Pyrrolidine	123-75-1	X	ACT	IVE	X	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Not applicable

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

REACH (1907/2006) -REACH (1907/2006) -**REACH Regulation (EC** CAS No Component Annex XIV - Substances Annex XVII - Restrictions 1907/2006) article 59 · Subject to Authorization on Certain Dangerous Candidate List of Substances Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) Pyrrolidine 123-75-1

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Pyrrolidine	123-75-1	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Pyrrolidine

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Pyrrolidine	WGK1	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	,
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air
Dangerous Goods by Road	Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	Ships
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)
Key literature references and sources for data	
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals	
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS	

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date 16-Apr-2012

Pyrrolidine

Revision Date Revision Summary 20-Oct-2023 Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet