

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 29-Jan-2010 Revision Date 06-May-2025 Revision Number 11

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Dichloromethane, stabilized with ethanol

Cat No. : 124050000; 124050010; 124050025; 124050050; 124050100; 124050250

**Synonyms** Methylene chloride; Methylene dichloride

 Index No
 602-004-00-3

 CAS No
 75-09-2

 EC No
 200-838-9

 Molecular Formula
 C H2 Cl2

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

**Process categories** PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

**Environmental release category** ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against REACH Annex XVII Restriction - refer to SECTION 15

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

**EU entity/business name** Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

**Physical hazards** 

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### **Health hazards**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 2 (H315) Category 2 (H319) Category 2 (H351) Category 3 (H336)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Warning

#### **Hazard Statements**

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

The vapor has narcotic effect and in high concentrations induces unconsciousness which can be fatal

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P284 - Wear respiratory protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

#### Additional EU labelling

Restricted to industrial use and to approved professionals

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system

The vapor has narcotic effect and in high concentrations induces unconsciousness which can be fatal Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

Vapors are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing Decomposes in a fire, giving off toxic fumes: phosgene and hydrochloric acid, Carbon monoxide Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture of weld containers

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

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## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	EEC No. 200-838-9	> 99.5	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351)
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	0.2	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Ethyl alcohol	Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=50%	-	-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Dichloromethane	01-2119480404-41	
Ethanol	01-2119457610-43	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General Advice** If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get **Eye Contact** 

medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression: Continued or high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal: Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

A patient adversely affected by exposure to this product should not be given adrenaline **Notes to Physician** 

(epinephrine) or similar heart stimulant since these would increase the risk of cardiac

arrhythmias. Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Dichloromethane, stabilized with ethanol

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Ventilate the area.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store in aluminum containers.

**Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510** Class 6.1D **Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)** 

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## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Methylene chloride	STEL: 200 ppm 15 min	TWA: 353 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 706 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 100 ppm (8h)	TWA: 353 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 353 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 706 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	STEL: 200 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 200 ppm (15min)	STEL: 706 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA; 1920		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 min
	mg/m³ TWA		
	WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm		
	STEL; 5760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL		

#### **Biological limit values**

List source(s): **UK** - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

Component	United Kingdom	European Union
Methylene chloride	Carbon monoxide: 30 ppm end-tidal breath	
	post shift	

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Oral)	Acute effects systemic (Oral)	Chronic effects local (Oral)	Chronic effects systemic (Oral)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 ( 0.2 )		DNEL = 87 mg/kg bw/d		

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Methylene chloride				DNEL = 12mg/kg
75-09-2 ( > 99.5 )				bw/day
Ethyl alcohol				DNEL = 343mg/kg
64-17-5 ( 0.2 )				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Methylene chloride 75-09-2 ( > 99.5 )		DMEL = 132.14mg/m <sup>3</sup>		DNEL = 176mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 ( 0.2 )	DNEL = 1900mg/m <sup>3</sup>			DNEL = 950mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

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Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	Soil (Agriculture)
Methylene chloride 75-09-2 ( > 99.5 )	PNEC = 130µg/L PNEC = 0.31mg/L	PNEC = 163µg/kg sediment dw PNEC = 2.57mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 0.27mg/L	3	PNEC = 173µg/kg soil dw PNEC = 0.33mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Methylene chloride	PNEC = 130µg/L	PNEC = 163µg/kg	PNEC = 0.027mg/L		
75-09-2 ( > 99.5 )	PNEC = 0.031 mg/L	sediment dw			
		PNEC = 0.26mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

## **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use only under a chemical fume hood.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	< 120 minutes	0.7 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Nitrile rubber	< 4 minutes	0.38 mm		Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
PVA	> 360 minutes			-

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. When workers are facing

concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment: Any supplied-air

respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive

pressure mode:

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators: full face mask (DIN EN 136)

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

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**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical State** Liquid

**Appearance** Colorless Odor sweet

**Odor Threshold** No data available Melting Point/Range -97 °C / -142.6 °F **Softening Point** No data available

**Boiling Point/Range** 39 - 40 °C / 102.2 - 104 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flammability (liquid) No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

**Explosion Limits** Lower 13 vol % Upper 22 vol %

Flash Point No information available

Method - No information available 556 °C / 1033 °F **Autoignition Temperature** 

**Decomposition Temperature** > 120°C

рΗ Not applicable Insoluble in water

Viscosity 0.43 mPa.s @ 20 °C Water Solubility 20 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow Component Methylene chloride 1.25 Ethyl alcohol -0.32

**Vapor Pressure** 350 mbar @ 20 °C

**Density / Specific Gravity** 1.325

**Bulk Density** Liquid Not applicable (Air = 1.0)

**Vapor Density** 2.93 Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

C H2 Cl2 Molecular Formula **Molecular Weight** 84.93

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization** No information available. None under normal processing. **Hazardous Reactions** 

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat.

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10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Amines. Aluminium. . Zinc. Powdered aluminum.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Dermal Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methylene chloride	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg ( Rat )	53 mg/L ( Rat ) 6 h
·			76000 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 10470 mg/kg	<del>-</del>	LC50 = 117-125 mg/l (4h)
·	OECD 401 (Rat)		OECD 403 (rat)
	3450 mg/kg ( Mouse )		20000 ppm/10H (rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Base

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	Mouse Ear Swelling Test (MEST)	mouse	non-sensitising
64-17-5 ( 0.2 )			
		mouse	non-sensitising
	OECD Test Guideline 429		-
	Local Lymph Node Assay		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	AMES test	in vitro	negative
64-17-5 ( 0.2 )	OECD Test Guideline 471	Bacteria	_
	Gene cell mutation		
	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component EU		UK	Germany	IARC
Methylene chloride				Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result			

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Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 ( 0.2 )	OECD Test Guideline 416 OECD Test Guideline 414	Oral / mouse 2 Generation	NOAEL = 13.8 g/kg/day
	OECD Test Guideline 414	Inhalation / Rat	NOAEC = 16000 ppm

**Developmental Effects** 

Component substance is listed on California Proposition 65 as a developmental hazard.

(h) STOT-single exposure;

Category 3

Results / Target organs

Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Target Organs** 

None known.

(j) aspiration hazard;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Causes central nervous system depression. Continued or high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal. Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central

nervous system.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** 

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

Component	ponent Freshwater Fish Water Flea		Freshwater Algae
Methylene chloride	Pimephales promelas: LC50:193	EC50: 140 mg/L/48h	EC50:>660 mg/L/96h
	mg/L/96h	_	-
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella
	promelas) LC50 = 14200	EC50 = 10800  mg/L/24h	vulgaris)
	mg/l/96h		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Methylene chloride	EC50: 1 mg/L/24 h	
· ·	EC50: 2.88 mg/L/15 min	
Ethyl alcohol	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634	
	mg/L/30 min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470	
	mg/L/5 min	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Ethyl alcohol	OECD 301E = 94%
64-17-5 ( 0.2 )	

Bioaccumulation is unlikely 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Methylene chloride	1.25	6.4 - 40 dimensionless
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local

regulations. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and

hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of

this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

**EWC Waste Disposal No** 

Other Information

EWC Waste Disposal No

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not empty into drains.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN1593

14.2. UN proper shipping name DICHLOROMETHANE

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 6.1 **14.4. Packing group** III

ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN1593

14.2. UN proper shipping name DICHLOROMETHANE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group III

#### Dichloromethane, stabilized with ethanol

#### IATA

**14.1. UN number** UN1593

14.2. UN proper shipping name DICHLOROMETHANE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Compon	ent	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Methylene c	hloride	75-09-2	200-838-9	ı	-	Х	X	KE-23893	X	X
Ethyl alco	hol	64-17-5	200-578-6	-	-	Х	Х	KE-13217	X	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

## Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	-	Use restricted. See entry 59. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	-	-	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach Restricted to industrial use and to approved professionals.

## Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -		Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	
-		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report	
		Notification	Requirements	

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	Methylene chloride	75-09-2	Not applicable	Not applicable
ı	Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

## **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### **WGK Classification**

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Methylene chloride	WGK2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)
Ethyl alcohol	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Methylene chloride	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 12
Ethyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Methylene chloride 75-09-2 ( > 99.5 )	Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group I	
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 ( 0.2 )		Group I	

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

TWA - Time Weighted Average

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

29-Jan-2010 **Creation Date Revision Date** 06-May-2025

**Revision Summary** SDS sections updated, 2, 4, 6, 8, 15.

## This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### **Disclaimer**

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## **End of Safety Data Sheet**