

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 16-Nov-2010

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Revision Number 15

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier	
Product Description: Cat No. : Synonyms	Lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 1M solution in THF/Ethylbenzene 347700000; 347701000; 347708000 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane lithium salt; Lithium hexamethyldisilazide
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. No Information available
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	fety data sheet
Company	UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US :001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US :001-800-424-9300 / Europe: 001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Health hazards

Aspiration Toxicity Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H225)

Category 1 (H304) Category 1 B (H314) Category 1 (H318)

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Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- EUH014 Reacts violently with water

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Decomposes in contact with water

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	65-80	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302)

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				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019)
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, lithium salt	4039-32-1	EEC No. 223-725-6	18-22	Flam. Sol. 1 (H228) Self Heat. 1 (H251) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) (EUH014)
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	EEC No. 202-849-4	2.5-9	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) STOT RE 2 (H373) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Tetrahydrofuran	Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5% Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25% STOT SE 3 :: C>=25%	-	-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Tetrahydrofuran	01-2119444314-46	
Ethylbenzene	01-2119489370-35	
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, lithium	01-2119913303-51	
salt		

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.
Inhalation	If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and o	effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should

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be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause central nervous system depression

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry sodium chloride. Dry sand. Limestone powder.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO 2).

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reacts violently with water. Flammable. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Trimethylsilane, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Lithium oxide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Do not expose spill to water. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store under an inert atmosphere. Keep away from water or moist air. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Shelf life: 6 months after opening. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Tetrahydrofuran	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin
Ethylbenzene	STEL: 125 ppm 15 min	TWA: 100 ppm (8h)	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 200 ppm (15min)	STEL: 200 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL) See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Tetrahydrofuran				DNEL = 12.6mg/kg

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109-99-9 (65-80)		bw/day
Ethylbenzene		DNEL = 180mg/kg
100-41-4 (2.5-9)		bw/day
		DNEL = 212mg/kg
		bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (65-80)	DNEL = 300mg/m ³	DNEL = 96mg/m ³	DNEL = 150mg/m ³	DNEL = 72.4mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4(2.5-9)	DMEL = 884mg/m ³ DNEL = 293mg/m ³ DNEL = 442mg/m ³	DMEL = 884mg/m ³ DNEL = 442mg/m ³	DMEL = 442mg/m ³ DNEL = 221mg/m ³	DMEL = 442mg/m ³ DNEL = 77mg/m ³ DNEL = 221mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment		Microorganisms in sewage treatment	Soil (Agriculture)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (65-80)	PNEC = 4.32mg/L	PNEC = 23.3mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 21.6mg/L	PNEC = 4.6mg/L	PNEC = 2.13mg/kg soil dw
	PNEC = 0.327mg/L		PNEC = 0.327mg/L	PNEC = 6.58mg/L	0011 011
100-41-4 (2.5-9)		12.46mg/kg sediment dw			soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (65-80)	PNEC = 0.432mg/L	PNEC = 2.33mg/kg sediment dw		PNEC = 67mg/kg food	
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4(2.5-9)	PNEC = 0.327mg/L	PNEC = 12.46mg/kg sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
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Hand Protection

Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber Nitrile rubber Viton (R)	See manufacturers recommendations		EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Neoprene Natural rubber PVC				
Neoprene gloves				
Skin and body prote	ection Long sle	eved clothing.		

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

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(Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Dark yellow No information available No data available No data available No data available No information available Highly flammable Not applicable No data available	On basis of test data Liquid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate Component Tetrahydrofuran	-21 °C / -5.8 °F No data available No data available No information available No data available Decomposes in contact with water No information available er) log Pow 0.45	Method - (based on components)
Ethylbenzene Vapor Pressure Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics	3.6 No data available 0.890 Not applicable No data available Not applicable (liquid)	Liquid (Air = 1.0)

9.2. Other information

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Explosive Properties

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	Yes
10.2. Chemical stability	Air sensitive, Moisture sensitive.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	tions_
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	No information available. None under normal processing. Reacts violently with water.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to air. Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to moisture.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Acids. Water.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Trimethylsilane. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Lithium oxide.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

((a)	acute	toxicity;

Oral	Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met
	ATE = 2230 mg/kg
Dermal	Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation	Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat)1 h
			53.9 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg (Rat)	15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	17.2 mg/L(Rat)4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Skin No data available Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising

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109-99-9 (65-80) OECD Test Guideline 429

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 (65-80)	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	-
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	-

(f) carcinogenicity;

Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B
Ethylbenzene				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm
109-99-9 (65-80)		2 Generation	

(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3
Results / Target organs	Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available
Target Organs	None known.
(j) aspiration hazard; Other Adverse Effects Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Category 1 The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Inhalation
	of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. May cause central nervous system depression.

11.2. Information on other hazards

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Endocrine Disrupting Properties
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Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Reacts violently with water.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l	

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	Pimephales promelas Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820 mg/L/48h	EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	
Ethylbenzene	LC50: 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 4.2 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 7.55 - 11 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 32 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 9.6 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata)	EC50: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	EC50: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L, 72h static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L, 96h static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: > 438 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: = 4.6 mg/L, 72h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethylbenzene	EC50 = 9.68 mg/L 30 min	
	EC50 = 96 mg/L 24 h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Not applicable for mixtures Persistence

in the officient of and a ograduating	
Persistence	Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.
Degradability	Decomposes in contact with water.
Degradation in sewage	Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste
treatment plant	water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Product does not bioaccumulate due to reaction with water

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available
Ethylbenzene	3.6	15 dimensionless

Decomposes in contact with water.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Decomposes in contact with water Is not likely mobile in the environment.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6.	Endocrine	disrupting
	erties	

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical	

12.7. Other adverse effects Persistent Organic Pollutant **Ozone Depletion Potential**

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

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Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2924 Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. Tetrahydrofuran, Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, lithium salt 3 8 II
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2924 Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. Tetrahydrofuran, Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, lithium salt 3 8 II
IATA	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2924 Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. Tetrahydrofuran, Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, lithium salt 3 8 II
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

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X = listed, U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ISHL), New Zealand (NZIoC), Japan (ISHL). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	-	-	Х	Х	KE-33454	Х	Х
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, lithium salt	4039-32-1	223-725-6	-	-	-	Х	-	Х	Х
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	202-849-4	-	-	Х	Х	KE-13532	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	X	Х
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, lithium salt	4039-32-1	Х	ACTIVE	-	х	-	X	Х
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	X	X

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, lithium salt	4039-32-1	-	-	-
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	-	-	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsil yl)-, lithium salt	4039-32-1	Not applicable	Not applicable
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 1M solution in THF/Ethylbenzene

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Tetrahydrofuran	WGK1	
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, lithium salt	WGK2	
Ethylbenzene	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Tetrahydrofuran	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84
Ethylbenzene	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (65-80)		Group I	
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 (2.5-9)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H228 Flammable solid
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- EUH014 Reacts violently with water
- EUH019 May form explosive peroxides

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 1M solution in THF/Ethylbenzene

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical S	ubstances	DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List	
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemical	s and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances	
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances		AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances	
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Ch		NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals	
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit		TWA - Time Weighted Average	
ACGIH - American Conference of Governm	nental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer	
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level		Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)	
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment		LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%	
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%		EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%	
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration		POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water	
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic		vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative	
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road		ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association	
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code		MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships	
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development		ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF - Bioconcentration factor		VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)	
Key literature references and sourc	es for data		
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-	chemicals		
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemady	isor - LOLI, Merck index, I	RTECS	
		on for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:	
Physical hazards On basis of test data			
Health Hazards Calculation method			
Environmental hazards	Calculation method		

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

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This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet